5. Let the rational number be $y$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ATQ: }: \frac{-8}{35} \div y=\frac{-4}{5} \\
& Y=\frac{2}{7}
\end{aligned}
$$

6. $\quad$ The required perfect square $=5625$

Square root of $5625=75$
7.

| 1.414 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 1 | $2 . \overline{000} \overline{00} \overline{00} \overline{00}$ |
| 24 | -1.00 |
|  | -96 |
| 281 | 400 |
|  | -281 |
| 2824 | 11900 |
|  | -11296 |
|  | 604 |

8. Smallest 6-digit no. $=100000$

By long division method,
Therefore, the smallest 6-digit perfect square no. is 100489
9. $\sqrt{8}=\sqrt{2 \times 2 \times 2}$
$=2 \sqrt{2}$
$=2 \times 1.4142$
$=2.8284$
$\therefore \sqrt{8}=2.828$, correct to three places of decimal

