

BCM BASANT AVENUE DUGRI ROAD LUDHIANA

ASSIGNMENT:- SOCIOLOGY (XII)

Part A: Multiple Choice Questions

1. Which of the following is a significant factor in rural social change?
 - A. Urbanization
 - B. Technological advancements
 - C. Government policies
 - D. All of the above

2. The Green Revolution primarily focused on:
 - A. Industrial development
 - B. Agricultural productivity
 - C. Urban housing
 - D. Environmental conservation

3. Land reforms in India were aimed at:
 - A. Distributing land to landless farmers
 - B. Promoting industrial growth
 - C. Enhancing urban infrastructure
 - D. Expanding educational opportunities

4. Which of the following is NOT a feature of rural development programs?
 - A. Improving agricultural practices
 - B. Enhancing rural infrastructure
 - C. Promoting urban migration
 - D. Providing education and healthcare facilities

5. Which movement in India was focused on protecting forests and preventing deforestation?
 - A. Green Revolution
 - B. Chipko Movement
 - C. White Revolution
 - D. Swadeshi Movement

SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS

1. Describe two major changes in rural society due to the Green Revolution.
2. Explain the significance of land reforms in addressing rural inequality in India.

3. What role do government policies play in rural development? Provide two examples.
4. Discuss the impact of urbanization on rural societies.
5. How have technological advancements contributed to rural development? Provide an example.

##Case Study Analysis

Microfinance initiatives have been instrumental in empowering rural women in India. By providing small loans and financial services, these programs have enabled women to start their own businesses, contribute to their family's income, and gain financial independence. In a small village in Maharashtra, a group of women formed a self-help group (SHG) and took a loan to start a dairy business. Over time, they were able to repay the loan, expand their business, and improve their standard of living.

1. How did microfinance help the women in the case study?
2. What are the broader implications of microfinance on rural development?
3. Discuss the importance of self-help groups (SHGs) in promoting economic development in rural areas.