|  | BCM SCHOOL BASANT AVENUE FUGRI ROAD LUDHIANA ASSIGNMENT OF CLASS XISC |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | The distance of the point $P(1,-3)$ from the line $2 y-3 x=4$ is <br> (A) $\sqrt{13}$ <br> (B) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{13}}$ <br> (C) $\sqrt{13}$ <br> (D) 13 | 1 |
| 2 | The intercept cut off by a line from $y$-axis is twice than that from $x$ axis, and the line passes through the point $(1,2)$. The equation of the line is <br> (A) $2 x+y=4$ <br> (B) $-2 x+y=4$ <br> (C) $2 x+y=-4$ <br> (D) $2 x-y=4$ | 1 |
| 3 | Show that the points $A(a, 0), B(0, b)$ and $C(3 a-2 b)$ are collinear | 2 |
| 4 | Find $k$ so that the line $2 x+k y-9=0$ may be perpendicular to $2 x+$ $3 y-1=0$ | 2 |
| 5 | Assuming that straight lines work as the plane mirror for a point, find the image of the point $(1,2)$ in the line ${ }^{x-3 y+4=0}$ | 2 |
| 6 | Find the equations of the lines which pass through the point and make equal angles with the lines $5 x-12 y+6=0$ and $3 x-4 y-7=0$ | 3 |
| 7 | A line is such that its segment between the lines and $3 x+4 y-4=0$ i is bisected at the point ${ }^{(1,5)}$ obtain its equation. | 4 |

