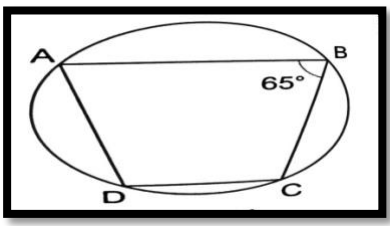
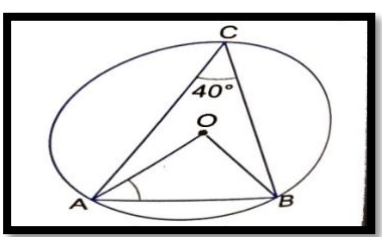


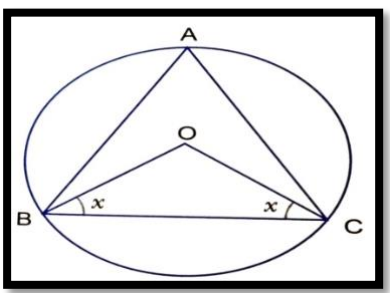
SECTION –A (MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS)

| | |
|----|--|
| 1. | The chord of a circle is equal to its radius. The angle subtended by this chord at the minor arc of the circle is (a) 60° (b) 75° (c) 120° (d) 150° |
| 2. | If a circle is divided into eight equal parts, the angle subtended by each arc at the centre is equal to (a) 90° (b) 60° (c) 45° (d) 30° |
| 3. | Assertion (A) : The length of a chord which is at a distance of 5 cm from the centre of a circle of radius 10 cm is 17.32 cm. Reason (R): The perpendicular from the centre of a circle to a chord bisects the chord. (a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are the true and Reason (R) is a correct explanation of Assertion (A). (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are the true but Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A). (c) Assertion (A) is true but Reason (R) is false. (d) Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is true. |

SECTION – B(2 MARKS QUESTIONS)

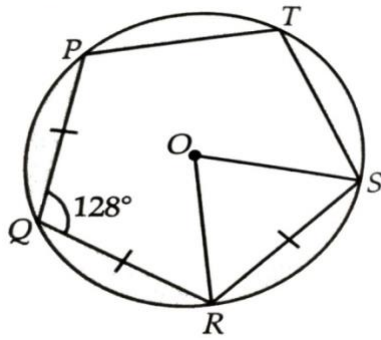
| | |
|----|---|
| 4. | ABCD is a cyclic quadrilateral in which $AB \parallel CD$. If $\angle B = 65^\circ$, then find other angles.  |
| 5. | In the given figure, $\angle ACB = 40^\circ$. Find $\angle OAB$.  |

SECTION – C (3 MARKS QUESTIONS)

| | |
|----|--|
| 6. | The circumcentre of the $\triangle ABC$ is O. Prove that $\angle OBC + \angle BAC = 90^\circ$  |
|----|--|

7.

In the given figure, $PQ = QR = RS$ and $\angle PQR = 128^\circ$. Find $\angle PTQ$, $\angle PTS$ and $\angle ROS$



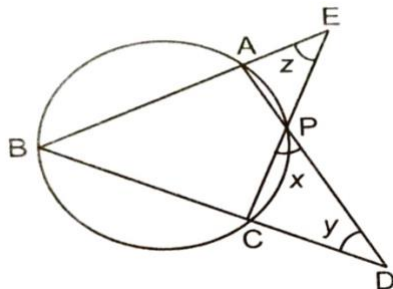
SECTION – D (5 MARKS QUESTIONS)

8.

Prove that the quadrilateral formed (if possible) by the internal bisectors of any quadrilateral is cyclic.

9.

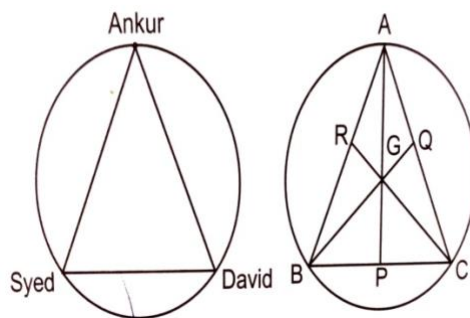
In the given figure, if $y = 32^\circ$ and $z = 40^\circ$, determine x . If $y + z = 90^\circ$, prove that $x = 45^\circ$.



SECTION – E (4 MARK QUESTIONS)

10.

A circular park of radius 20 m is situated in a colony. Three boys Ankur, Syed and David are sitting at equal distance on its boundary each having a toy telephone in hand to talk to each other as shown in the given figure. AP, BQ and CR are the medians of $\triangle ABC$.



Now answer the following questions :

- What is the length of AG?
- What is the length of AP?
- Find the measure of $\angle BGC$ and $\angle ABQ$.
- Find length AB.