

BCM SCHOOL, LUDHIANA

POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSIGNMENT

CLASS - XII

CHAPTER 5: UNITED NATIONS AND ITS ORGANIZATIONS MCQs

Q1. UNESCO was established in the year

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (a) 1945 | (b) 1946 |
| (c) 1948 | (d) 1947 |

Q2. UNESCO'S headquarter is in _____.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| (a) France | (b) USA |
| (c) UK | (d) Germany |

Q3 _____ is a specialized agency that promotes education and natural sources.

- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| (a) UNHCR | (b) UNHRC |
| (c) IMF | (d) UNESCO |

Q4 _____ is a specialized agency of the UN that collects emergency funds for children across the world.

- | | |
|------------|----------------|
| (a) UNESCO | (b) UNICEF |
| (c) UNHCR | (d) World Bank |

Q5. The Headquarters of UNICEF is situated in _____.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| (a) UK | (b) France |
| (c) New York, United States | (d) Switzerland |

Q6. UNICEF was established in the year _____.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (a) 1956 | (b) 1966 |
| (c) 1946 | (d) 1976 |

Q7. International Labour Organization was established in the year.

- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (a) 1945 | (b) 1919 |
| (c) 1949 | (d) 1947 |

Q8. The Headquarter of ILO is situated in _____.

- | | |
|-------------------------|------------|
| (a) USA | (b) France |
| (c) Geneva, Switzerland | (d) India |

Q9. Pick the odd one out

- | | |
|----------|------------|
| (a) UNGA | (b) UNESCO |
| (c) UNSC | (d) ICJ |

Q10. Pick the odd one out

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| (a) UNICEF | (b) UNSC |
| (c) UNESCO | (d) UNHCR |

Q11. Olive branches in the UN emblem signify

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| (a) Security | (b) Friendship |
| (c) Peace or World Peace | (d) Partnership |

Q12. India became the member of U.N in:

(a) 1945

(b) 1947

(c) 1950

(d) 1962

Q13. Who was the first woman president of the U.N General Assembly?

(a) Sarojini Naidu

(c) Aruna Asaf Ali

(b) Vijay Laxmi Pandit

(d) Raj Kumari Amrit Kaur

Q14. Who is the single largest contributor to the UN?

(a) Japan

(b) China

(c) Germany

(d) USA

Q15. Which of the following is not a permanent member of the UN Security Council?

(a) France

(b) Japan

(c) China

(d) UK

Q16. Which of the following organizations seeks to promote the peaceful use of nuclear energy?

(a) IMF

(b) IAEA

(c) UNESCO

(d) ILO

Q17. Which of the following organizations sets the rules for global trade?

(a) WTO

(b) IMF

(c) IAEA

(d) UNHRC

Q18. Which organ of the UN has been suspended on 1 November 1994 after the independence of Palau?

(a) ECOSOC (b) Secretariat (c) Trusteeship Council (d) International Court of Justice

Q19. Which of the following is an NGO that campaigns for the protection of human rights all over the world?

(a) Amnesty International

(c) UNESCO

(b) International Monetary Fund

(d) World Trade Organization

Q20. Which of the following is/are the proposed criteria for new permanent member of the Security Council?

(a) A major economic power

(c) A major military power

(b) A big nation in terms of population (d) All of the above

Q21. Which of the following statements about UNSC is not true?

(a) It no longer represents contemporary political realities.

(b) It is dominated by few western powers

(c) It takes equitable representation.

(d) 5 Permanent members have veto power.

Q22. Which of the following organizations is meant for children?

(a) UNESCO

(b) UNICEF

(c) UNHCR

(d) UNHRC

Q23. Which of the following oversees those financial institutions and regulations that act at the international level?

(a) WTO

(b) IAEA

- (c) IMF (d) WHO

Q24. Which one of the following has veto power in the Security Council?

- (a) USA (b) India
(c) Pakistan (d) Brazil

Q25. Who among the following has used Veto power the maximum time?

- (a) USA (b) China
(c) USSR/Russia (d) France

Q26. Which of the following statements support India's claim for a permanent seat in UNSC?

- (a) India is the second most populated country.
(b) India is the World's largest democracy.
(c) India is among the top 10 economic powers in the world.
(d) All of the above.

Q27. Which of the following statements is true?

- (a) The US power can easily be checked by the UN.
(b) The US has no influence within the UN.
(c) The UN was successful in restricting the US attacking Afghanistan and Iraq.
(d) None

Q28. The present Secretary General of UN is

- (a) Ban-Ki-moon (b) Antonio Guterres
(c) Kofi A. Annan (d) Shashi Tharoor

Q29. Pick the odd one out

- (a) UNESCO (b) Amnesty International
(c) UNICEF (d) International court of justice

Q30. Identify the incorrect statement

- (a) There are 5 permanent members of UNSC
(b) US is a substantial contributor to the UN budget
(c) Kofi Annan is the present Secretary General of the UN.
(d) UN was a successor to the League of Nations.

Q31. When did the eighth UN's Secretary General take over?

- (a) 25 February 2008 (b) 1 January 2007
(c) 30 March 2005 (d) 8 April 2006

Q32. Arrange the following in the chronological order:

- I. Establishment of International Atomic Energy Agency**
II. Establishment of World Trade Organization
III. Establishment of United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization
IV. Establishment of International Labour Organization

- (a) IV, III, I, II (b) II, III, IV, I

- (c) IV, II, III, I (d) I, II, III, IV
- Q33. What is the function of the Security Council?**
- (a) To promote cultural development
 - (b) To work towards the welfare of the world governments
 - (c) To maintain peace and security
 - (d) All of the above
- Q34. Who was the eighth Secretary-General of the UN?**
- (a) Ban Ki-Moon
 - (b) Antonio Guterres
 - (c) Trygve Lie
 - (d) Dag Hammarskjold
- Q35. What are the reasons for immense influence of the US on the UN?**
- (a) The UN is physically located within the US territory
 - (b) US is the largest financial contributor to the UN
 - (c) Neither A nor B
 - (d) Both A and B
- Q36. In 1992, the UN General Assembly adopted a resolution. Which of the following is not one of the resolutions?**
- (a) The Security Council no longer represents contemporary political realities.
 - (b) Its decisions reflect only Western values and interests and are dominated by a few powers.
 - (c) It lacks equitable representation.
 - (d) None of the above
- Q37. The United Nations Charter was signed by _____ states.**
- (a) 50 (b) 51 (c) 55 (d) 53(51 temporaries and 2 permanents)
- Q38. Point out the development which did not take place after the Cold War?**
- A. The Soviet Union has become stronger.
 - B. China is emerging as a great power.
 - C. Many new countries have joined the UN.
 - D. The US is the strongest power.
- Q39. WTO was the successor to:**
- a. General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs
 - b. General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade
 - c. World Health Organization
 - d. United Nations Development Programme.
- Q40. How many Judges are there in the International Court of Justice and their tenure?**
- a. 15 Judges with 5 years tenure
 - b. 15 Judges with 6 years tenure
 - c. 15 Judges with 9 years tenure
 - d. 12 Judges with 9 years tenure
- 41. India attained the membership of the UN on _____.**
- A. 24 October 1945 B. 30 October 1950 C. 30 October 1945 D. 26 June 1945

42. Which of these statements about the World Health Organization is incorrect?
- It is a specialized agency of the United Nations.
 - It deals with health related issues.
 - It also deals with monetary related issues.
 - It promotes human health and well being.
43. UNICEF has been working in how many countries of the world?
- 192
 - 194
 - 190
 - 193
44. ILO is a body of the UN which aims at:
- To promote literacy, technical and educational training.
 - To promote children's health and better life.
 - To promote efficient conditions of social justice and work for workers through international labour standards at the global level.
 - To promote efficient conditions of social justice at regional level.
45. How many member states did the UN have till 2006?
- 189
 - 193
 - 194
 - 192
46. Arrange the following in chronological order:
- Signing of the UN Charter
 - India joined the United nations
 - The UN was founded
 - Security Council expanded from 11 to 15
- Codes: 1. a, b, c, d 2. a, c, b, d 3. d, b, a, c 4. b, c, a, d
47. Which among the following statements best describe the International Monetary Fund?
- The successor to the General Agreement on Trade and Tariffs.
 - An International Organization which sets the rules for global trade.
 - Institutions that look into research and advocacy on the open economy.
 - An organization that oversees financial institutions that act at the international level.
48. Which among the following would give more weightage to India's proposal for permanent membership in the Security Council?
- Nuclear capability
 - It has been a member of the UN since its inception
 - It is located in Asia
 - India's growing economic power and stable political system
49. Who blocked the second term for Boutros Boutros-Ghali as Secretary-General?
- India
 - China
 - France
 - USA
50. "The United Nations was not created to take humanity to heaven, but to save it from hell." Who made this statement?
- Jawaharlal Nehru
 - Kofi Annan
 - Dag Hammarskjold
 - Ban Ki-moon
51. Who did not sign the Atlantic Charter in August 1941?
- | | | | |
|----|----------------------|-----|------------------|
| I | Winston S. Churchill | III | Roosevelt |
| II | Stalin | IV. | Jawaharlal Nehru |
- Option A (II) B (IV) C. (I & IV) D. (II and IV)

52. The WHO is located in _____.
A. London B. Paris C. Washington D. Geneva
53. When was the World Bank established?
A. 1946 B. 1944 C. 1955 D. 1945
54. Arrange the following in chronological order of their establishments:
A. Establishment of Human Rights Council C. Yalta Conference
B. Atlantic Charter D. India joins the UN
55. UNICEF received the Nobel Peace Prize in _____.
A. 1960 B. 1965 C. 1961 D. 1956
56. Which Secretary-General received the Nobel Peace Prize in 2001?
A. Ban Ki-moon B. Kurt Waldheim C. Kofi A. Annan D. U Thant
57. When was the Security Council formed?
A. 1945 B. 1946 C. 1948 D. 1919
58. The Five permanent members of Security Council are:
A. Japan, Russia, China, US, UK C. USSR, China, UK, France, India
B. India, Japan, China, Russia, UK D. US, UK, Russia, France, China
59. How many members of the Security Council have a veto power?
A. 10 B. 15 C. 5 D. None of these
60. Which of the following statements is incorrect about the composition of the Security Council?
A. In the Security Council, there are five permanent members and ten non-permanent members.
B. The main privileges of the five permanent members are permanency and the veto power.
C. The non-permanent members serve for a period of only two years.
D. Non-permanent member countries can be re-elected immediately after two years.
61. How many member states were there in the UN in 2010?
A. 194 B. 193 C. 192 D. 196
62. Who is the IX Secretary-General in the United Nations?
A. Antonio Guterres B. Ban Ki-moon C. Kofi A. Annan D. U Thant
63. Name the five members of the UN Security Council.
A. Japan, Russia, China, US, UK C. USSR, China, UK, France, India
B. India, Japan, China, Russia, UK D. US, UK, Russia, France, China
64. Why were these countries elected as permanent members?
A. Because they had a big stock of weapons.
B. Because they were the victors after the Second World War.
C. Because they were big economic powers.
D. None of these

Remember the emblems:



Study the following cartoon carefully and answer the question:



- 65 What does this cartoon depict?
- | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|
| A. UN's influence on the world | C. USA's influence on the UN |
| B. US Hegemony | D. None of these |
- 66 How has the US dominated the world?
- By its trade and commerce
 - By its advancement in space research
 - By its advancement in space research
 - By dominating military, economy and cultural hegemony