|  | BCM SCHOOL BASANT AVENUE DUGRI ROAD LUDHIANA HOLIDAY HOMWORK CLASS XISC |
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| 1 | If $A$ and $B$ are subsets of the universal set $U$, then show that $A \subset B \Leftrightarrow A \cup B$ = B |
| 2 | For all sets $A, B$ and $C$, show that $(A-B) \cap(C-B)=A-(B \cup C)$ |
| 3 | Using properties of set prove the statement. For all sets $A$ and $B$, prove that $A \cup(B-A)=A \cup B$. |
| 4 | Find the domain of each of the following functions given by <br> (i) $f(x)=\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\cos x}}$ <br> (ii) $f(x)=\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+\|x\|}}$ <br> (iii) $f(x)=x\|x\|$ <br> (iv) $f(x)=\frac{x^{3}-x+3}{x^{2}-1}$ <br> (v) $f(x)=\frac{3 x}{28-x}$ |
| 5 | Redefine the function: $f(x)=\|x-1\|-\|x+6\|$. Write its domain also. |
| 6 | In a group of 50 students, the number of students studying French, English, Sanskrit were found to be as follows: <br> French $=17$, English $=13$, Sanskrit $=15$ <br> French and English = 09, English and Sanskrit = 4 <br> French and Sanskrit = 5, English, French and Sanskrit = 3. Find the number of students who study <br> i. French only <br> ii. English only <br> iii. Sanskrit only <br> iv. English and Sanskrit but not French <br> v. French and Sanskrit but not English <br> vi. French and English but not Sanskrit <br> vii. at least one of the three languages <br> viii. none of the three languages |
| 7 | There are 200 individuals with a skin disorder, 120 had been exposed to the chemical $\mathrm{C}_{1}, 50$ to chemical $\mathrm{C}_{2}$, and 30 to both the chemicals $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ and $\mathrm{C}_{2}$. Find the number of individuals exposed to <br> (1) chemical $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ but not chemical $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ |


|  | (2) chemical $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ but not chemical $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ <br> (3) chemical $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ or chemical $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ <br> (4) exactly one of them <br> (5) neither $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ nor chemical $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ |
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| 8 | (i)Find the value of $\cos 570^{\circ} \sin 510^{\circ}+\sin \left(-330^{\circ}\right) \cos \left(-390^{\circ}\right)$. <br> (ii) Find the value of the expression $\cos ^{4} \pi / 8+\cos ^{4} 3 \pi / 8+\cos ^{4} 5 \pi / 8+$ $\cos ^{4} 7 \pi / 8$ |
| 9 | Prove that $\operatorname{Sin} \mathrm{A}+\operatorname{Sin} \mathrm{B}+\operatorname{SinC}=4 \cos \frac{A}{2} \cos \frac{B}{2} \cos \frac{C}{2}$ |
| 10 | (i)Solve $\cos 2 A+\cos 2 B+\cos 2 C=-1-4 \cos A \cos B \cos C$ <br> (ii) Prove that $\operatorname{Sin}^{2} \mathrm{~A}+\operatorname{Sin}^{2} \mathrm{~B}+\operatorname{Sin}^{2} \mathrm{C}=2+2 \cos \mathrm{~A} \cos \mathrm{~B} \cos \mathrm{C}$. |
| 11 | Solve the equation $\|z\|=z+1+2 i$. |
| 12 | If $Z=x+i y$ and $w=\frac{1-i z}{z-i}$, show that $\|w\|=1 \Rightarrow z$ is purely real. |
| 13 | Show that a real value of x will satisfy the equation $\frac{1-i x}{1+i x}=a-$ ib if $a^{2}+b^{2}=1$, where $a$ and $b$ are real. |
| 14 | Find the value of $\tan 9^{\circ}-\tan 27^{\circ}-\tan 63^{\circ}+\tan 81^{\circ}$ |
| 15 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Prove that } \operatorname{Cos} \alpha+\operatorname{Cos} \beta+\operatorname{Cos} \gamma+\operatorname{Cos}(\alpha+\beta+\gamma) \\ & =4 \operatorname{Cos}\left(\frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}\right) \cdot \operatorname{Cos}\left(\frac{\beta+\gamma}{2}\right) \cdot \operatorname{Cos}\left(\frac{\gamma+\alpha}{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ |

## PROJECT

Prepare a project based on the Fibonacci sequence, their properties and similar pattern found in nature

Project may be in the form of ppt/video/model

