

1. Why is the secret ballot system important in elections?

- A. It increases noise during voting
- B. It allows voters to vote without fear
- C. It helps candidates see votes directly
- D. It delays elections

2. A student switched off lights and fans after leaving the classroom. Which practice is demonstrated here?

- A. Wastage of resources
- B. Conservation of energy
- C. Deforestation
- D. Industrialisation

3.Assertion: The Election Commission supervises elections in India.

Reason: It ensures elections are conducted fairly.

- A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, and Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion.
- B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is NOT the correct explanation of Assertion.
- C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false.
- D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true.

4.Assertion: Land is an important factor of production.

Reason: Skilled people contribute to better production and innovation.

- A. Both Assertion and Reason are true, and Reason is the correct explanation of Assertion.
- B. Both Assertion and Reason are true, but Reason is NOT the correct explanation of Assertion.
- C. Assertion is true, but Reason is false.
- D. Assertion is false, but Reason is true.

Section-B

Very Short Questions

5Q. What different inputs are required to make effective use of natural resources available in different geographical areas?

6Q. Suppose a citizen asks why they cannot directly vote for the President of India. How would you explain the system of election of the President?

Section-C

Short Answer Based Questions

7Q.What might happen if one of the organs- Legislature, Executive, Judiciary had all the powers? How could it affect the rights of people?

8Q.Are some jobs more important than others? What would happen if nobody cleaned the streets, collected the garbage, farmers stopped growing crops, doctors were unavailable to treat patients and so on?

Section-D

Long Answer Based Question

9Q.Forts were 'the core of the state' for Marathas. Why were they so important? How did they help the Marathas survive against larger enemies?

Section-E

Source Based Question

10.Read the source carefully and answer the questions that follow:

Colonialism refers to a situation in which one country establishes control over another country or territory.The colonising power generally seeks to use the resources, markets and wealth of the colony for its own benefit.India attracted European powers because of its rich resources and flourishing trade.Indian textiles, spices and other goods were in great demand in European markets. European trading companies initially came to India mainly for commerce.Gradually, some of them began seeking political and military influence.The British East India Company eventually became the most powerful European company in India.Its commercial interests gradually developed into political control over large parts of the country.

Questions

1. Why did European powers show interest in India?
2. Imagine that a foreign company controls the resources and markets of your town only for its own benefit. How might local people be affected?
3. If you were an Indian ruler during the early arrival of European trading companies, what precautions would you take to prevent traders from gaining political control?

Section-F

Map Skill Based question

11.Locate the following on the political Map of India

- 1.Any one bicameral state
- 2.The state where Jagannath Temple is located