

BCM School, Basant Avenue, Dugri Road, Ludhiana

Class-6

Social Science

Answerkey of Revision Assignment

1. Which of the following statement is true about the Sun?

- a. It is made up of gases b. It has its own heat and light
c. It is a Star d. **All of these**

2. If your weight is 60kg, then on moon you would weigh..... (Hint- Moon's gravity is $1/6^{\text{th}}$ of Earth)

- a. **10 kg** b. 6 kg c. 600 kg d. 100kg

3. Assertion-Reason

Assertion-Remains of square or rectangular houses have been found in Mehargarh.

Reason-Palaeolithic tools were still made and used in Neolithic Age.

- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c. A is true but R is false.
d. A is false but R is true.

4. Assertion-The Indian Constitution has provided us six Fundamental Rights.

Reason- Discrimination means fixed idea about a particular type of person which is often not true in reality.

- a. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
b. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.

c.A is true but R is false.

d.A is false but R is true.

5.Read the given source and answer the following questions.

The sun, eight planets, satellites and some other celestial bodies known as asteroids and meteoroids form the solar system. We often call it a Solar family with sun as its head.

i.Explain the term celestial bodies.

Ans.The sun, the moon and all those objects shining in the night sky are called celestial bodies.

ii.Who is the head of the solar family?

Ans.The Sun is the head of the solar family.

6.Look at the picture given below and answer the following questions.

i.Identify the picture.

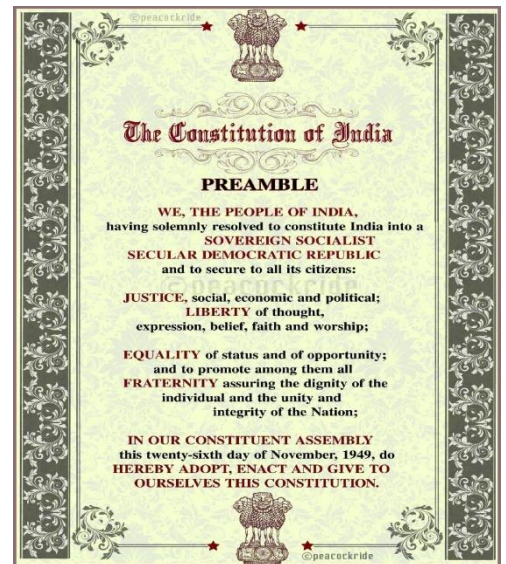
Ans.This is the picture of Preamble of the Indian Constitution.

ii.When did the constitution of India come into effect?

Ans. The constitution of India came into effect on 26th January 1950.

iii.Who is known as the 'Father of Indian Constitution'?

Ans Dr. Bhim Rao Ambedkar is known as the 'Father of Indian Constitution'.



7Q.Make a comparison between Palaeolithic Age and Neolithic Age.

Ans.

Palaeolithic Age	Neolithic Age
1. People were hunters and food-gatherers.	1. People domesticated animals and started producing food.
2. People wore clothes made of animal skin and bark of the tree.	2. People weaved clothes and began using cotton to cover themselves.
3. People lived in caves and moved from place to place.	3. People started to settle at one place. They built mud houses and huts.
4. People did not know how to make pottery.	4. Invention of wheel and pottery making was an important feature of the age.

8Q. 'India is a country of many diversities'. Explain giving examples.

Ans. One of the special feature of India is that it is a country of many diversities. For example-

1. We speak different languages, such as Hindi, Punjabi, Gujarati, Marathi etc.
2. We eat different kinds of food, such as chawal, dal, rajma, idli, dosa, roti, dhokla etc.
3. We celebrate different festivals such as Holi, Diwali, Id, Gurburab, Christmas, Baisakhi etc.
4. We practice different religions such as Hinduism, Islam, Sikhism, Christianity etc.

9Q. 'The Earth is called a unique planet'. Do you agree with the statement. Give reasons to justify your answer.

Ans. Yes, I agree with the statement because of the following reasons.

1. The Earth is the only planet where life exists.
2. The temperature of the Earth is moderate. It is neither too hot nor too cold.
3. It has life giving useful gases like oxygen, nitrogen etc.
4. It is the only planet in solar system which has water on it.