

BCM SCHOOL BASANT AVENUE, DUGRI ROAD, LUDHIANA

**SUBJECT: POLITICAL SCIENCE (028)
CLASS XI – PRACTICE ASSIGNMENT**

Section A

Multiple choice questions

1. A representative is elected from a defined geographical area to represent the people living in that area. This method of representation is known as:

- a) Class representation**
- b) Minority representation**
- c) Territorial representation**
- d) Functional representation**

2. Parliamentary committees have become an important part of the working of the Indian Parliament. India developed a system of parliamentary standing committees in:

- a) 1983**
- b) 1977**
- c) 1980**
- d) 1973**

3. Assertion (A): Indian secularism allows for principled state intervention in all religions.

Reason (R): Religiously sanctioned caste-hierarchies are not acceptable within Indian secularism.

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.**
- b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.**
- c) A is true but R is false.**
- d) A is false but R is true.**

Section B

Very Short Questions

4. The Constitution establishes different organs of government and distributes powers among them. How does the Indian Constitution demarcate these powers?

5. In a representative democracy, different groups and sections may seek representation in proportion to the votes they receive. How does the Proportional Representation system provide for such representation?

Section C

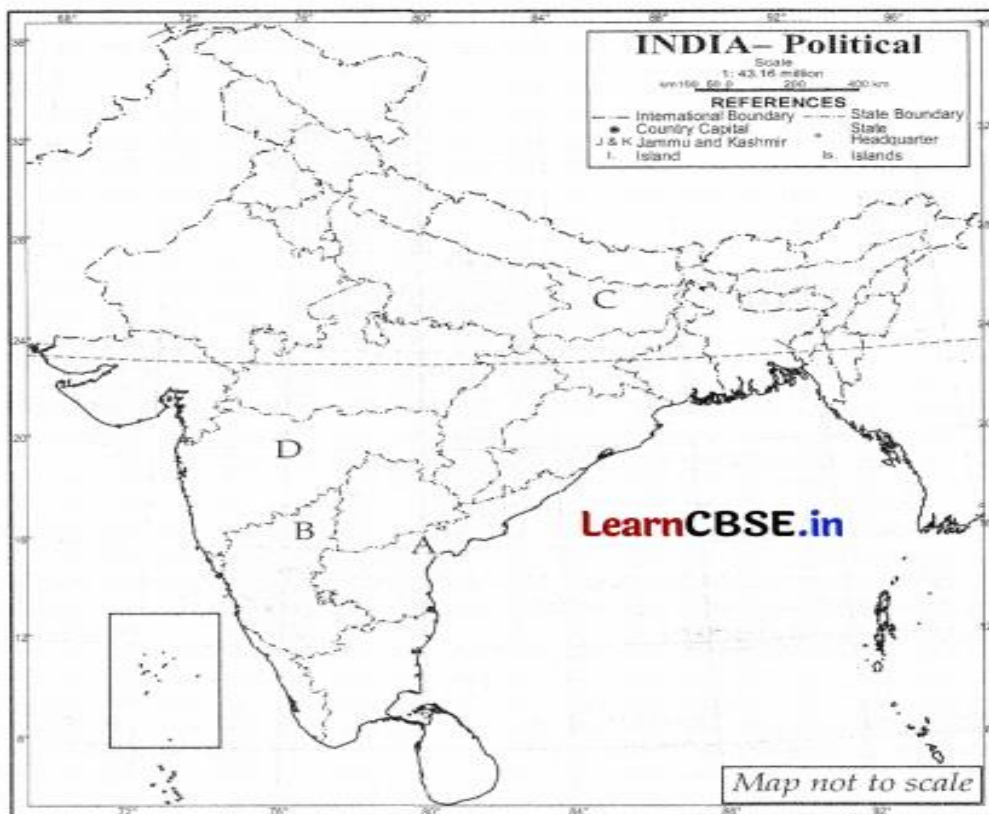
Short Questions

6. The constitutional status given to local governments was expected to strengthen democracy at the grassroots level. To what extent have local bodies been successful in achieving this objective?
7. The Constitution seeks to establish a society based on social justice. How does the Indian Constitution provide for this objective?

Section D

Map/Identification Based Question

8. Identify the States having a bicameral legislature and write their correct names in your answer book along with the respective serial numbers of the information used and the concerned alphabets as per the format that follows: [4]



Section E

9. “Rights are necessary for the development of individuals”. Explain the importance of rights and the conditions under which claims to rights can be justified.