BCM SCHOOL, BASANT AVENUE, DUGRI ROAD, LUDHIANA

Practice Assignment Answer Key

CLASS – XI ENGLISH (301)

SECTION A – Reading

- 1. A. b) Human errors
- B. b) Drunk drivers
- C. Fill in the Blanks:
- (i) Alcohol dulls one's reactions and vision, making drunk driving dangerous.
- (ii) Pedestrians fail to realize that the pedestrian crossing was created to ensure their safety.
- D. State True or False:
- (i) Drivers who zigzag in and out of lanes are always careful to avoid accidents.

Answer: False

(ii) Faulty traffic lights can confuse drivers and result in accidents.

Answer: True

- E. Some pedestrians avoid using pedestrian crossings because they prefer to take their chances with heavy traffic instead of walking a short distance to the designated crossing.
- F. Faulty traffic lights can confuse drivers, particularly when green lights flash simultaneously at cross-junctions. This confusion can lead to messy pile-ups and accidents.
- G. Irresponsible drivers, such as those who drive drunk, sleepy, or in a hurry, show little consideration for safety. Drunk drivers have impaired vision and reactions, leading to accidents. Drivers in a hurry zigzag dangerously, increasing the risk of collisions with other vehicles or pedestrians.
- H. 1. Stricter enforcement of laws against drunk driving, including frequent checks and severe penalties.
- 2. Public awareness campaigns to educate both drivers and pedestrians on road safety and the importance of obeying traffic signals and rules.

SECTION B – Grammar & Writing

- 2. a) The elephant is the largest land animal today.
- b) It is a mild and peace-loving animal.
- c) That is why it can be more easily trained and domesticated.
- d) Their trunks are the most sensitive organ in any mammal.
- 3. Heading, Qualification & Key Skills, Experience & Expertise, Location Preferences, Contact Details.
- 4. Debate

- Greetings Introduce yourself & Topic
- Begin with a strong opening statement.
- Present 2-3 main points to support your argument.
- Conclude with a powerful summary of your stance.
 - 5. i. (c) a grown-up adult son.
 - ii. (d) alienation
 - iii. (b) understand and know his son better.

SECTION C - Literature

- 6. i. 'I' refers to the narrator.
- ii. High altitude
- iii. aggravate
- 7. a) ministers faced the problem of finding a new ruler for the kingdom Proclaimed whosoever passed the city gate will decide new ruler.
- b) Dr. Andrew displayed dedication, compassion, and resilience. He stayed calm under pressure, used his knowledge effectively, and worked tirelessly to revive both the mother and baby. His selflessness and commitment to saving lives highlight the values that make him a true doctor to the core.
- c) At Azad Maidan, Professor Gaitonde tried to deliver a speech on the vacant presidential chair. His disruptive behaviour annoyed the audience, who were there for a political rally, leading to them booing and eventually throwing him off the stage.
- d) The most important step towards adulthood is realizing the loss of innocence and questioning the beliefs one held during childhood. This marks a significant psychological and emotional growth, as it reflects the transition from a simplistic worldview to a mature, introspective understanding of life.
- 7. In the chapter "Silk Road", the author, Nick Middleton, faced several challenges on his journey to Mount Kailash, which he overcame with determination and resilience. These difficulties included:
 - 1. Dangerous roads on mountain path and Harsh Weather.
 - 2. Altitude Sickness.
 - 3. Unpredictable Transportation.
 - 4. Physical Exhaustion.
 - 5. Cultural and Communication Barriers.

Middleton's perseverance and respect for the environment and culture around him allowed him to overcome these difficulties and make the journey to Mount Kailash spiritually fulfilling and successful.