

BCM SCHOOL, BASANT AVENUE, DUGRI, LUDHIANA.
NOVEMBER ASSIGNMENT
CLASS- VIII (MATHEMATICS)
TOPICS: UNDERSTANDING QUADRILATERALS, FACTORISATION & INTRODUCTION TO GRAPHS

SECTION –A (MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS)

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| 1. | The co-ordinates of any point in IV quadrant are
a) (+, +) b) (+, -) c) (-, +) d) (-, -) |
| 2. | In a quadrilateral ABCD, the angles A, B, C and D are in the ratio 1 : 2 : 3 : 4, then the measure of the smallest angle is
a) 28° b) 36° c) 72° d) 60° |
| 3. | Assertion (A) – The common factor of a^2m^4 and a^4m^2 is a^2m^4 .
Reason (R) – A common factor is a number that can be divided into two different numbers, without leaving a remainder.
a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
c) A is true but R is false.
D) A is false but R is true. |

SECTION – B(2 MARKS QUESTIONS)

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| 4. | The measure of one angle of a parallelogram is 75°. What is the measure of other angles? |
| 5. | Factorise: $25(x + y)^2 - 36(x - 2y)^2$. |

SECTION – C (3 MARKS QUESTIONS)

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| 6. | The ratio of two sides of a parallelogram is 4 : 3. If its perimeter is 56cm, find the lengths of its sides. |
| 7. | Factorise: $15x^2 - 26x + 8$. |

SECTION – D (5 MARKS QUESTIONS)

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| 8. | Draw a linear graph for the simple interest on Rs. 100 at the rate of 5% p.a. for different no. of years. |
| 9. | Factorise and divide:
$\frac{(x^2 - 8x + 12)(x^2 - 16)}{(x^2 - 36)(x^2 - 4)}$ |

SECTION – E (CASE STUDY)

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| 10. | <p>During maths lab activity each students was given four broom sticks of length 8cm, 8cm, 5cm, 5cm to make different types of quadrilaterals.</p> <p>Using the above information answer the following questions:</p> <p>a) Name the types of quadrilaterals formed?</p> <p>b) If the quadrilateral has three acute angles each measuring 70°. Then what is the measure of the fourth angle?</p> <p>c) The diagonals of a rectangle are $(2x + 4)$cm and $(3x + 1)$cm. Find the value of x.</p> |
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