BCM SCHOOL, BASANT AVENUE, DUGRI, LUDHIANA. SEPTEMBER ASSIGNEMENT ANSWER KEY/HINTS (2025-26) CLASS- IX (MATHEMATICS)

TOPIC: INTRODUCTION TO EUCLID'S GEOMETRY, LINEAR EQUATIONS IN TWO VARIABLES, CO-ORDINATE GEOMETRY, HERON'S FORMULA, STATISTICS

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1. (c) (-5, 3)
2. (d) y = 3x
3. (a) Both A and R are true and Reason is correct explanation of Assertion.
    PR = QS
    PQ + QR = QR + RS
    Subtract QR from both sides,
    PQ + QR - QR = QR + RS - QR
    PQ = RS
    We have used Euclid's axiom which states If equals are subtracted from equals, the
    remainders are equal.
    Let cost of ball be y and cost of toy horse be x.
     x = 3y
5. Solutions are (3, 1); (6,2).....
    Area of rectangular field = 3000 m<sup>2</sup>
    Area of Triangle = 150 \text{ V } 26 \text{ m}^2 = 764.85 \text{ m}^2
    Remaining Area = 3000 - 764.85 = 2235.15 \text{ m}^2
6.
                                                0
   PO + OR = PR.....(1)
7.
    PO = OR ( GIVEN).....(2)
    PO+ PO = PR [Using 1 and 2]
    2 PO = PR
    PO = ½ PR
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8.

Let the sides of the original triangle be a,b,c and its semi-perimeter be

$$s=rac{a+b+c}{2}.$$

By Heron's formula, the area of the triangle is

$$\Delta = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}.$$

If each side is doubled, the new sides become 2a, 2b, 2c. The semi-perimeter of the new triangle is

$$s' = rac{2a + 2b + 2c}{2} = a + b + c = 2s.$$

The area of the new triangle is

$$\sqrt{s'(s'-2a)(s'-2b)(s'-2c)}.$$

Substituting $s^\prime=2s$, we get

$$=\sqrt{2s(2s-2a)(2s-2b)(2s-2c)}=\sqrt{16s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}.$$

This is equal to

$$4\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}=4\Delta.$$

Therefore, the area of the new triangle is four times the area of the original triangle, and the required ratio is

4:1.