

	BCM SCHOOL BASANT AVENUE DUGRI ROAD LUDHIANA ASSIGNMENT ANSWER KEY (RELATION AND FUNCTIONS) CLASS XII SC
1	A
2	C
3	Assertion is true, reason is false
4	Given, $f(x) = x + x$ and $g(x) = x - x, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$. $\Rightarrow f(x) = \begin{cases} x + x, & x \geq 0 \\ -x + x, & x < 0 \end{cases}$ and $g(x) = \begin{cases} x - x, & x \geq 0 \\ -x - x, & x < 0 \end{cases}$ $\Rightarrow f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x, & x \geq 0 \\ 0, & x < 0 \end{cases} \text{ and } g(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x \geq 0 \\ -2x, & x < 0 \end{cases}$ Thus, for $x \geq 0$, $\text{gof}(x) = g(f(x)) = g(2x) = 0$ and for $x < 0$, $\text{gof}(x) = g(f(x)) = g(0) = 0 \Rightarrow \text{gof}(x) = 0, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$ Similarly, for $x > 0$, $\text{fog}(x) = f(g(x)) = f(0) = 0$ and for $x < 0$, $\text{fog}(x) = f(g(x)) = f(-2x) = 2(-2x) = -4x$ $\Rightarrow \text{fog}(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x \geq 0 \\ -4x, & x < 0 \end{cases} \text{ We have, } \text{gof}(x) = 0, \forall x \in \mathbb{R}.$ $\text{and } \text{fog}(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x > 0 \\ -4x, & x < 0 \end{cases}$ Clearly, $\text{fg}(-3) = -4(-3) = 12$, $\text{fog}(5) = 0$ and $\text{gof}(-2) = 0$
5	R is Reflexive if $(a, b) R (a, b)$ for (a, b) in $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$ Let $(a, b) R (a, b) \Rightarrow a + b = b + a$ which is true since addition is commutative on $\mathbb{N}$. $\Rightarrow$ R is reflexive. R is Symmetric if $(a, b) R (c, d) \Rightarrow (c, d) R (a, b)$ for $(a, b), (c, d)$ in $\mathbb{N} \times \mathbb{N}$ Let $(a, b) R (c, d)$ $\Rightarrow a + d = b + c$ $\Rightarrow b + c = a + d$ $\Rightarrow c + b = d + a$ [since addition is commutative on $\mathbb{N}$] $\Rightarrow (c, d) R (a, b)$ $\Rightarrow$ R is symmetric. R is Transitive if $(a, b) R (c, d)$ and $(c, d) R (e, f) \Rightarrow (a, b) R (e, f)$

	for $(a, b), (c, d), (e, f)$ in $N \times N$ Let $(a, b) R (c, d)$ and $(c, d) R (e, f)$ $\Rightarrow a + d = b + c$ and $c + f = d + e$ $\Rightarrow (a + d) - (d + e) = (b + c) - (c + f)$ $\Rightarrow a - e = b - f$ $\Rightarrow a + f = b + e \Rightarrow (a, b) R (e, f)$ $\Rightarrow R$ is transitive.
6	$\text{gof}(x) = g\left(\frac{3x+4}{5x+7}\right) = \frac{7\left(\frac{3x+4}{5x+7}\right) + 4}{5\left(\frac{3x+4}{5x+7}\right) - 3} = x$ $\text{fog}(x) = f\left(\frac{3x+4}{5x-3}\right) = \frac{3\left(\frac{7x+4}{5x-3}\right) + 4}{5\left(\frac{7x+4}{5x-3}\right) - 7} = x$ Thus $\text{gof}(x) = x$, for all $x \in B$ $\text{fog}(x) = x$, for all $x \in A$ Which implies that $\text{gof} = \text{IB}$ And $\text{Fog} = \text{IA}$
7	and $f(x_1) = f(x_2)$ $\frac{x_1}{1+x_1^2} = \frac{x_2}{1+x_2^2}$ $x_1(1+x_2^2) = x_2(1+x_1^2)$ $x_1 + x_1 \cdot x_2^2 - x_2 - x_2 \cdot x_1^2 = 0$ $(x_1 - x_2) \cdot (x_1 \cdot x_2 - 1) = 0$ Taking $x_1 = 4, x_2 = \frac{1}{4} \in R$. $\therefore f$ is not one-one. (ii) f is onto : Let $y \in R$ (co-domain) $f(x) = y$ $\Rightarrow \frac{x}{1+x^2} = y \Rightarrow y \cdot (1+x^2) = x$ $\Rightarrow yx^2 + y - x = 0$ $\Rightarrow x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1-4y^2}}{2y}$ since, $x \in R, \therefore 1-4y^2 \geq 0$ $\Rightarrow (1+2y)(1-2y) \geq 0$ $\therefore -\frac{1}{2} \leq y < \frac{1}{2}$ So $\text{Range}(f) \in \left[-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right]$ $\text{Range}(f) \neq R$ (Co-domain) $\therefore f$ is not onto.

8	One-One : Let $x_1, x_2 \in R$ Such that $f(x_1) = f(x_2)$ or $\frac{x}{1+ x_1 } = \frac{x_2}{1+ x_2 }$ Case (i) : If $x_1, x_2 < 0$ then $\frac{x_1}{1-x_1} = \frac{x_2}{1-x_2}$ or $x_1 - x_1x_2 = x_2 - x_1x_2$ or $x_1 = x_2$ Case (ii) : If $x_1, x_2 > 0$ then $\frac{x_1}{1+x_1} = \frac{x_2}{1+x_2}$ $x_1 + x_1x_2 = x_2 + x_1x_2$ or $x_1 = x_2$ Case (iii) : If $x_1 > 0, x_2 < 0$ (Similarly for $x_1 < 0, x_2 > 0$) or $\frac{x_1}{1+ x_1 } \neq \frac{x_2}{1- x_2 }$ or $x_1 \neq x_2$ or $f(x_1) \neq f(x_2)$ $\therefore$ From (i), (ii) & (iii) f is a one-one function.	Onto : Let any $y \in \{x \in R: -1 < x < 1\}$ ($\because -1 < y < 1$) Such that $y = f(x)$ or $y = \frac{x}{1+ x }$ or $y = \frac{x}{1 \pm x}$ or $x = \frac{y}{1 \pm y}$ As $y \neq -1, y \neq 1$ $\therefore x = \frac{y}{1 \pm y} \in R$ $\therefore f$ is an onto function. $f^{-1}(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{1+x}, & \text{if } x < 0 \\ \frac{x}{1-x}, & \text{if } x \geq 0 \end{cases}$
9	fing gof and fog	
10	(i) 6^2 (ii) (d) None of these three (iii) Reflexive and Transitive (iv) 2^{12}	