

BCM SCHOOL BASANT AVENUE DUGRI ROAD LUDHIANA

CLASS - XI ARTS

SUBJECT - POLITICAL SCIENCE

CH - RIGHTS IN INDIAN CONSTITUTION, FEDERALISM

DATE : 1.08.2025

Multiple Choice Questions (3 marks)

1. Which of the following is not a feature of Indian federalism?

- a) Dual government system
- b) Supremacy of Constitution
- c) Equal powers to Centre and States
- d) Division of powers

2. Which Article of the Constitution abolishes untouchability?

- a) Article 14
- b) Article 17
- c) Article 19
- d) Article 25

3. The Fundamental Rights can be suspended:

- a) During Emergency
- b) By the President anytime
- c) By Parliament through an ordinary law
- d) None of the above

Very Short Answer Questions (2 marks each)

4. Define federalism in one sentence.

5. Mention any two political rights guaranteed under the Indian Constitution.

Short Answer Questions (4 marks each)

6. How does the Constitution ensure the independence of the judiciary while protecting fundamental rights?

7. What are the major differences between unitary and federal forms of government?

8.Source-Based Question (4 marks)

Read the following extract and answer the questions below:

"The Constitution of India has provided for a federal structure of government where powers are divided between the Union and the State governments. However, in case of conflict, the decision of the Union prevails. This has led some scholars to describe Indian federalism as 'quasi-federal'."

- A.. What do you understand by the term 'quasi-federal'?
- B . How are powers distributed between Union and State governments?
- C. In case of a conflict between the Centre and State, whose decision prevails?
- D . Why is the Indian federal system described as unique?

Long Answer Questions (6 marks each)

- 9. Explain the significance of the Right to Constitutional Remedies. How does it act as the 'heart and soul' of the Constitution? (HOTS)
- 10. Analyse how Indian federalism accommodates diversity while maintaining national unity. (APPLICATION OF KNOWLEDGE)