

**BCM SCHOOL, BASANT AVENUE, DUGRI ROAD, LUDHIANA**  
**Answer Key of Revision Assignment**  
**CLASS VIII**  
**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

**Q1 Choose the correct from the following:**

- (a) Population density is high in rural areas.
- (b) Capital is the major resource of the nation.
- (c) North Hemisphere is less populated.
- (d) Distribution of the population in the world is uneven.**

**Q.2 Assertion (A): In India judiciary is independent of the executive.**

**Reason (R): Judiciary favours the government and helps in the implementation of its plans.**

- (A) Both (A) & (R) are correct & (R) is correct explanation of (A)
- (B) Both (A) & (R) are correct & (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- (C) (A) is correct but (R) is wrong**
- (D) (R) is correct but (A) is wrong

**Q3. Which report laid down provisions for the establishment of university education in India?**

**Ans:** The report called the Wood's Despatch laid down the provisions for the establishment of university education in India.

**Q4. Mention the name of the society set up by Jones.**

**Ans:** Jones set up the Asiatic Society of Bengal, and started a journal called Asiatic Researches.

**Q5. State the factors affecting population change?**

**Ans:** The major factors affecting population are birth, death and migration. Birth rate is the number of live births per 1,000 people. Death rate is the number of deaths per 1,000 people. Migration is the movement of people in and out of an area.

**Q6. Write a short note on distribution of population.**

**Ans:** More than 90 per cent of the world's population lives in about 10 per cent of the land surface. The distribution of population in the world is extremely uneven. Some areas are very crowded and some are sparsely populated. Very few people live in high latitude areas, tropical deserts, high mountains and areas of equatorial forests. Many more people live north of the Equator than south of the Equator. Almost three-quarters of the world's people live in two continents Asia and Africa.

**Q7:Read the source and answer the questions below:**

Emphasising the need to teach English, Macaulay declared:

All parties seem to be agreed on one point, that the dialects commonly spoken among the natives ... of India, contain neither literary nor scientific information, and are, moreover, so poor and rude that, until they are enriched from some other quarter, it will not be easy to translate any valuable work into them ...

**(a)Why did the British officials criticize the Indian learning?**

**Ans:**The British officials considered the Eastern literature to be lighthearted and non serious. Moreover, they were of the opinion that Indian knowledge was full of errors and unscientific thoughts.

**(b) What was the aim of the Act 1835?**

**Ans:** (a)To make English as the medium of instruction for higher education.

(b) To stop the promotion of Oriental intitutions like the Calcutta and Banaras Hindu College.